

**Minnesota Pollution Control Agency** 

# Minnesota's Comprehensive Mercury Air Emission Reduction Strategy

Developed to Implement a Statewide Mercury TMDL

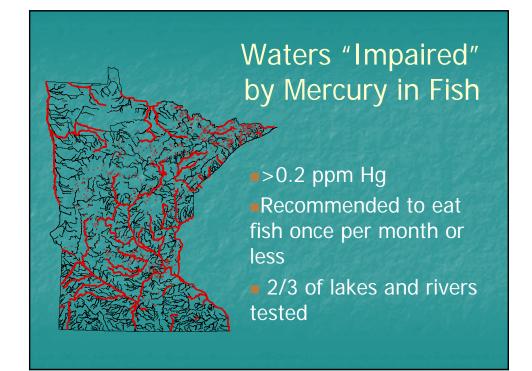
> Ned Brooks November 18, 2009

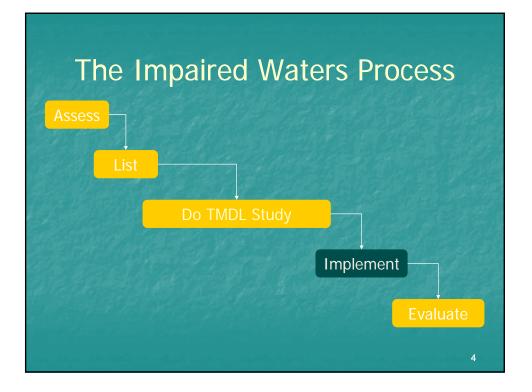
# Overview

- Sources of Mercury in Minnesota Fish
- Establishing Reduction Goals (TMDL)
- Strategies to Reduce Mercury Air Emissions
- Implementation
   Update









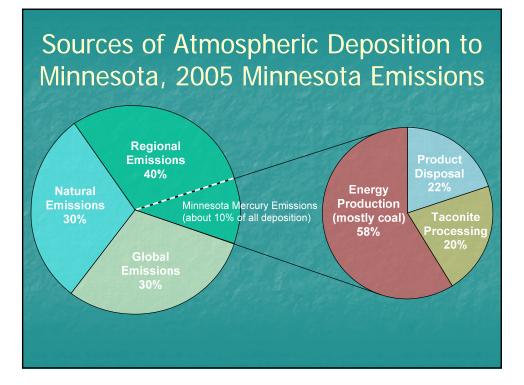
# Minnesota's Statewide Mercury TMDL

 Most (<99%) of mercury contamination comes from air sources

90 % of mercury deposited in state comes from outside of the state

Total Maximum Daily Load:

- 93% reduction in manmade deposition (from 1990) to allow more frequent fish consumption
- Reduce MN air sources to 789 lb/yr
- Water point sources not to exceed 1% of total mercury load allocation (24 lb/yr)
- http://www.pca.state.mn.us/water/tmdl/tmdlmercuryplan.html



#### **Implementation Planning Process**

#### June 2007 – May 2008

 Third party hired to convene and facilitate stakeholder-recommended strategies to meet TMDL goals

Two-tiered stakeholder engagement

- group of 17 met 16 times during year
- all known stakeholders invited to attend two input sessions and comment on drafts.

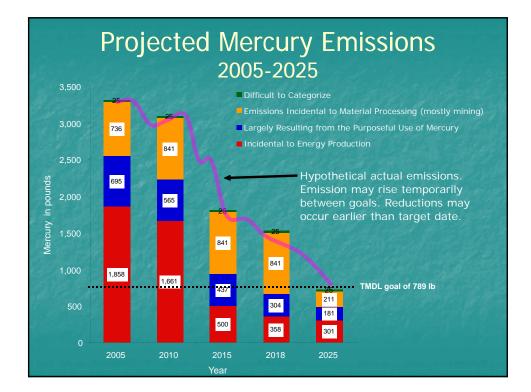
#### MPCA role

Member of the group, technical support

# Implementation Planning Outcomes: Air Reductions

 Stakeholder-developed recommendations to meet reduction target by 2025

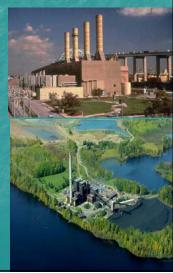
- 70-90% reductions from nearly all source categories
- Strategy for new and expanding sources
- Improve measurement and reporting
- MPCA commitment to implement

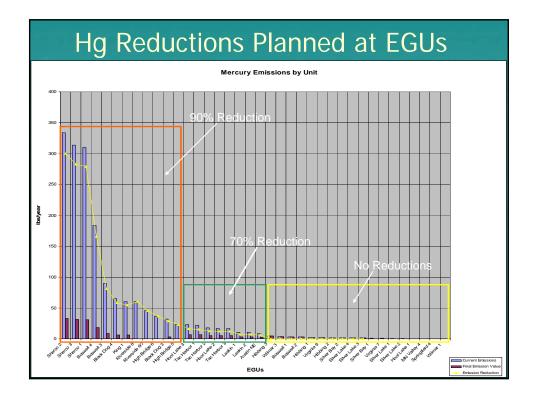


### Energy Sector Strategies (2005 Emissions)

 Coal Fired Electric Generation (1,716 lb)

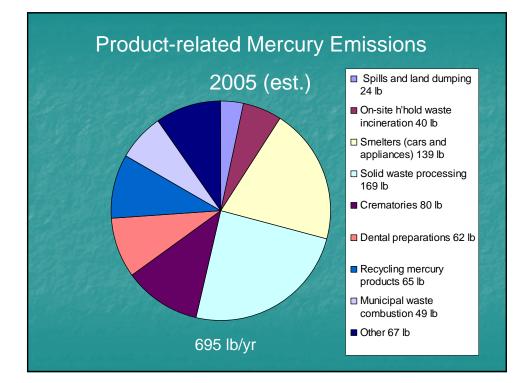
- various strategies achieve 86% reduction by 2025, mostly sooner
- Industrial/Commercial Boilers (102 lb)
  - Wood and coal
- 70% reduction at units greater than 2 lb by 2018
- Petroleum (40 lb)
  - Refineries-- 50% reduction by 2018
  - Product utilization better quantify and reduce if needed





# Mining Strategy Highlights

Six taconite processing facilities emit 800+ lb/yr
Reduce emissions to 210 lb/yr by 2025 (75% reduction from estimated 2010 levels)
Continue research to identify reduction/control
Apply and test possible technologies- 2010-2015
Provide schedule for implementation at all facilities by 2016



## 2005 Product Emission Sources > 50 lb/year (est.)

Misc. mercury in waste ~235 lb

- Collection and processing ~ 169 lb
- Burn Barrels ~ 40 lb

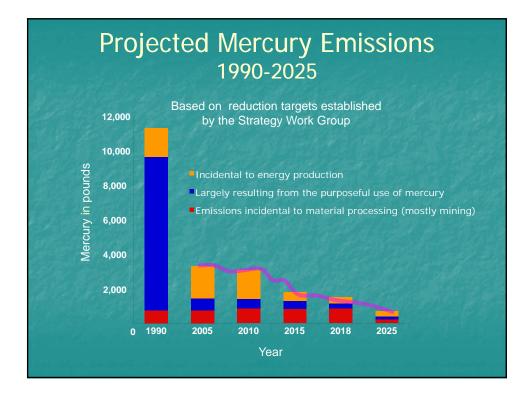
Waste Combustion ~ 49 lb

Smelters recycling cars/appliances ~ 139 lbDental-related

- Dental preparations ~ 62 lb
- Cremations ~ 80 lb

Product recycling (mostly lamps) ~ 65 lb

 Strategies developed to reduce sector emissions to 502 lb by 2025 (28% reduction from 2005)



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# Air Implementation Plan Key Elements

 <u>Permitted facilities</u> – proposed rule would require plans to achieve goals
 <u>Unpermitted "point" sources</u> - work with MPCA to improve emissions estimates and

implement reduction measures

 <u>Product sources</u> - variety of approaches including outreach, assistance and enforcement

 Guidelines for <u>new sources</u> emitting >3 lb/vr

## More Information

Minnesota Pollution Control Agency web site:

Implementation Plan: www.pca.state.mn.us/air/mercury-

TMDL: www.pca.state.mn.us/water/tmdl/tmdl-mercuryplan.html

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